### **Investor Charter – Stock Brokers**

#### **VISION**

To follow highest standards of ethics and compliances while facilitating the trading by clients in securities in a fair and transparent manner, so as to contribute in creation of wealth for investors.

#### **MISSION**

- i) To provide high quality and dependable service through innovation, capacity enhancement and use of technology.
- ii) To establish and maintain a relationship of trust and ethics with the investors.
- iii) To observe highest standard of compliances and transparency.
- iv) To always keep 'protection of investors' interest' as goal while providing service.
- v) To ensure confidentiality of information shared by investors unless such information is required to be provided in furtherance of discharging legal obligations or investors have provided specific consent to share such information.

### Services provided to Investors by stock brokers include

- i. Execution of trades on behalf of investors.
- ii. Issuance of Contract Notes.
- iii. Issuance of intimations regarding margin due payments.
- iv. Facilitate execution of early pay-in obligation instructions.
- v. Periodic Settlement of client's funds.
- vi. Issuance of retention statement of funds at the time of settlement.
- vii. Risk management systems to mitigate operational and market risk.
- viii. Facilitate client profile changes in the system as instructed by the client.
- ix. Information sharing with the client w.r.t. relevant Market Infrastructure Institutions (MII) circulars.
- x. Provide a copy of Rights & Obligations document to the client.
- xi. Communicating Most Important terms and Conditions (MITC) to the client.
- xii. Redressal of Investor's grievances.

#### **Rights of Investors**

- i. Ask for and receive information from a firm about the work history and background of the person handling your account, as well as information about the firm itself (including website providing mandatory information).
- ii. Receive complete information about the risks, obligations, and costs of any investment before investing.
- iii. Receive a copy of all completed account forms and rights & obligation document.
- iv. Receive a copy of 'Most Important Terms & Conditions' (MITC).
- v. Receive account statements that are accurate and understandable.
- vi. Understand the terms and conditions of transactions you undertake.

- vii. Access your funds in a prescribed manner and receive information about any restrictions or limitations on access.
- viii. Receive complete information about maintenance or service charges, transaction or redemption fees, and penalties in form of tariff sheet.
- ix. Discuss your grievances with compliance officer / compliance team / dedicated grievance redressal team of the firm and receive prompt attention to and fair consideration of your concerns.
- x. Close your zero balance accounts online with minimal documentation
- xi. Get the copies of all policies (including Most Important Terms and Conditions) of the broker related to dealings of your account
- xii. Not be discriminated against in terms of services offered to equivalent clients
- xiii. Get only those advertisement materials from the broker which adhere to Code of Advertisement norms in place
- xiv. In case of broker defaults, be compensated from the Exchange Investor Protection Fund as per the norms in place
- xv. Trade in derivatives after submission of relevant financial documents to the broker subject to brokers' adequate due diligence.
- xvi. Get warnings on the trading systems while placing orders in securities where surveillance measures are in place
- xvii. Get access to products and services in a suitable manner even if differently abled
- xviii. Get access to educational materials of the MIIs and brokers
- xix. Get access to all the exchanges of a particular segment you wish to deal with unless opted out specifically as per Broker norms
- xx. Deal with one or more stockbrokers of your choice without any compulsion of minimum business
- xxi. Have access to the escalation matrix for communication with the broker
- xxii. Not be bound by any clause prescribed by the Brokers which are contravening the Regulatory provisions.

#### Various activities of Stock Brokers with timelines

S.No	Activities	Expected Timelines
1.	KYC entered into KRA System and CKYCR	3 working days of account opening
2.	Client Onboarding	Immediate, but not later than one week
3.	Order execution	Immediate on receipt of order, but not later
		than the same day
4.	Allocation of Unique Client Code	Before trading
5.	Copy of duly completed Client	7 days from the date of upload of
	Registration Documents to clients	Unique Client Code to the Exchange by
		the trading member
6.	Issuance of contract notes	24 hours of execution of trades
7.	Collection of upfront margin from client	Before initiation of trade
8.	Issuance of intimations regarding other	At the end of the T day
	margin due payments	
9.	Settlement of client funds	First Friday/Saturday of the month / quarter
		as per Exchange pre announced schedule
10.	'Statement of Accounts' for Funds, Securities	Monthly basis

	and Commodities	
11.	Issuance of retention statement of	5 days from the date of settlement
	funds/commodities	
12.	Issuance of Annual Global Statement	30 days from the end of the financial year
13.	Investor grievances redressal	21 calendar days from the receipt of the
		complaint

# **DOs and DON'Ts for Investors**

DOs	DON'Ts
1. Read all documents and conditions being agreed	1. Do not deal with unregistered
before signing the account opening form.	stock broker.
2. Receive a copy of KYC, copy of account opening	2. Do not forget to strike off blanks in your
documents and Unique Client Code.	account opening and KYC.
3. Read the product / operational framework /	3. Do not submit an incomplete account
timelines related to various Trading and Clearing &	opening and KYC form.
Settlement processes.	
4. Receive all information about brokerage, fees and	4. Do not forget to inform any change in
other charges levied.	information linked to trading account and
	obtain confirmation of updation in the
	system.
5. Register your mobile number and email ID in your	5. Do not transfer funds, for the purposes of
trading, demat and bank accounts to get regular	trading to anyone other than a stock
alerts on your transactions.	broker. No payment should be made in
6. If executed, receive a copy of Demat Debit and	name of employee of stock broker.
Pledge Instruction (DDPI) However, DDPI is not a	6. Do not ignore any emails / SMSs received with regards to trades done, from the Stock
mandatory requirement as per SEBI / Stock	Exchange and raise a concern, if
Exchanges. Before granting DDPI, carefully examine	discrepancy is observed.
the scope and implications of powers being granted.	
7. Receive contract notes for trades executed,	7. Do not opt for digital contracts, if not
showing transaction price, brokerage, GST and	familiar with computers.
STT/CTT etc. as applicable, separately, within 24	
hours of execution of trades.	
8. Receive funds and securities/ commodities	8. Do not share trading password.
on time, as prescribed by SEBI or exchange from	
time to time.	
9. Verify details of trades, contract notes and	9. Do not fall prey to fixed / guaranteed
statement of account and approach relevant	returns schemes.
authority for any discrepancies. Verify trade details	
on the Exchange websites from the trade verification	
facility provided by the Exchanges.	
10. Receive statement of accounts	10. Do not fall prey to fraudsters sending
periodically. If opted for running account	emails and SMSs luring to trade in stocks /
settlement, account has to be settled by the	securities promising huge profits.
stock broker as per the option given by the	
client (Monthly or Quarterly).	

11. In case of any grievances, approach stock	11. Do not follow herd mentality for
broker or Stock Exchange or SEBI for	investments. Seek expert and professional
getting the same resolved within	advice for your investments.
prescribed timelines.	
12. Retain documents for trading activity as it	
helps in resolving disputes, if they arise.	

Additionally, Investors may refer to Dos and Don'ts issued by MIIs on their respective websites from time to time.

## **Grievance Redressal Mechanism**

The process of investor grievance redressal is as follows:

1.	Investor complaint/Grievances	Investor can lodge complaint/grievance against
		stock broker in the following ways:
		Mode of filing the complaint with stock broker
		Investor can approach the Stock Broker at the
		designated Investor Grievance e-mail ID of the
		stock broker. The Stock Broker will strive to
		redress the grievance immediately, but not later
		than 21 days of the receipt of the grievance.
		Mode of filing the complaint with stock exchanges
		i. SCORES 2.0 (a web based centralized grievance
		redressal system of SEBI)
		(https://scores.sebi.gov.in)
		Two level review for complaint/grievance
		against stock broker:
		First review done by Designated
		body/Exchange
		Second review done by SEBI
		ii. Emails to designated email IDs of Exchange
2.	Online Dispute Resolution (ODR)	If the Investor is not satisfied with the resolution
2.	platform for online Conciliation and	provided by the Market Participants, then the
	Arbitration	Investor has the option to file the complaint/
	74 511 41511	grievance on SMARTODR platform for its
		resolution through online conciliation or
		arbitration.
3.	Steps to be followed in ODR for	Investor to approach Market Participant for
	Review, Conciliation and Arbitration	redressal of complaint
		2. If investor is not satisfied with response of
		Market Participant, he/she has either of the
		following 2 options:
		i. May escalate the complaint on SEBI
		SCORES portal.
		ii. May also file a complaint on SMARTODR
		portal for its resolution through online
		Dortal for its resolution through offiline

conciliation and arbitration.

- 3. Upon receipt of complaint on SMARTODR portal, the relevant MII will review the matter and endeavor to resolve the matter between the Market Participant and investor within 21 days.
- 4. If the matter could not be amicably resolved, then the matter shall be referred for conciliation.
- 5. During the conciliation process, the conciliator will endeavor for amicable settlement of the dispute within 21 days, which may be extended with 10 days by the conciliator with consent of the parties to dispute.
- 6. If the conciliation is unsuccessful, then the investor may request to refer the matter for arbitration.
- 7. The arbitration process to be concluded by arbitrator(s) within 30 days, which is extendable by 30 days with consent of the parties to dispute.

# Handling of Investor's claims / complaints in case of default of a Trading Member / Clearing Member (TM/CM) Default of TM/CM

Following steps are carried out by Stock Exchange for benefit of investor, in case stock broker defaults:

- Circular is issued to inform about declaration of Stock Broker as Defaulter.
- Information of defaulter stock broker is disseminated on Stock Exchange website.
- Public Notice is issued informing declaration of a stock broker as defaulter and inviting claims within specified period.
- Intimation to clients of defaulter stock brokers via emails and SMS for facilitating lodging of claims within the specified period.

Following information is available on Stock Exchange website for information of investors:

- Norms for eligibility of claims for compensation from IPF.
- Claim form for lodging claim against defaulter stock broker.
- FAQ on processing of investors' claims against Defaulter stock broker.
- Provision to check online status of client's claim.
- Standard Operating Procedure (SOP) for handling of Claims of Investors in the Cases of Default by Brokers
- Claim processing policy against Defaulter/Expelled members
- List of Defaulter/Expelled members and public notice issued